

## Test (1)

1 First: Complete the following:

1  $3.4 \times \dots = 3,400$

2  $\dots \times 30 = 2,400$

3  $36 \times 25 = \dots$

4  $2.83 \times 0.2 = \dots$

5  $(400 \times 0.7) - 250 = \dots$

6  $5,600 = (70 \times 40) + 140 \times \dots$

Second: Choose the correct answer:

1  $0.4 \times \dots = 40.0$

a 10

b 100

c 1,000

d 10,000

2  $9,600 \div 100 = \dots$

a 9.6

b 96

c 0.96

d 690

2 Compare by using (<), (>) or (=):

1  $360 \div 4$  ☐  $1,800 \div 20$

2  $5,700 \div 57$  ☐  $1,000$

3  $9,600 \div 480$  ☐  $40 \div 0.5$

4  $2.56 \div 16$  ☐  $1.6$

3 Find the quotient and the remainder (if any) for each of the following:

a  $52 \overline{) 624}$

$\ominus \dots$

$\dots$

$\ominus \dots$

$\dots$

The quotient =  $\dots$

b  $32 \overline{) 6,880}$

$\ominus \dots$

$\dots$

$\ominus \dots$

$\dots$

$\ominus \dots$

$\dots$

The quotient =  $\dots$

c  $15 \overline{) 4,817}$

$\ominus \dots$

$\dots$

$\ominus \dots$

$\dots$

$\ominus \dots$

$\dots$

The quotient =  $\dots$

The remainder =  $\dots$

4 If the price of 74 notebooks is 1,036 pounds, what is the price of 25 notebooks of the same kind?

5 Complete the missing numbers in the following area models, then find the product that each model represents.

a

	3	0.8
1	$\dots$	$\dots$
0.4	$\dots$	0.32

$\dots \times \dots = \dots$

b

	2	0.3	0.06
5	$\dots$	$\dots$	$\dots$
$\dots$	$\dots$	$\dots$	0.018

$\dots \times \dots = \dots$

## Test (2)

1 First: The product of  $16 \times 7 = 112$ , so find the product of the following:

- 1  $16 \times 0.7 = \dots\dots\dots$       2  $0.16 \times 700 = \dots\dots\dots$       3  $1.6 \times 7 = \dots\dots\dots$   
4  $1,600 \times 0.07 = \dots\dots\dots$       5  $16 \times 70 = \dots\dots\dots$       6  $1.6 \times 0.7 = \dots\dots\dots$

Second: Complete the following:

- a 3.6 kilograms =  $\dots\dots\dots$  grams      b 7,900 cm =  $\dots\dots\dots$  decimeters  
c 850 meters =  $\dots\dots\dots$  kilometers      d 2,700 millimeters =  $\dots\dots\dots$  decimeters

2 Find the quotient and the remainder (if any) for each of the following by using the standard algorithm:

a  $46 \overline{) 8,004}$

$\underline{- \dots\dots\dots}$

$\dots\dots\dots$

$\underline{- \dots\dots\dots}$

$\dots\dots\dots$

$\underline{- \dots\dots\dots}$

$\dots\dots\dots$

The quotient =  $\dots\dots\dots$

b  $18 \overline{) 7,200}$

$\underline{- \dots\dots\dots}$

$\dots\dots\dots$

The quotient =  $\dots\dots\dots$

c  $45 \overline{) 2,927}$

$\underline{- \dots\dots\dots}$

$\dots\dots\dots$

$\underline{- \dots\dots\dots}$

$\dots\dots\dots$

The quotient =  $\dots\dots\dots$

The remainder =  $\dots\dots\dots$

3 Complete the following:

- a If any decimal number is multiplied by 10, the decimal point moves  $\dots\dots\dots$  (right or left)  
b If any decimal number is multiplied by 0.01, the decimal point moves  $\dots\dots\dots$  left.  
c The estimation of the quotient  $3,540 \div 35$  is  $\dots\dots\dots$

4 Find the product of multiplication by using the area model:

a  $2.3 \times 45$

$\dots\dots\dots$	$\dots\dots\dots$
$\dots\dots\dots$	$\dots\dots\dots$

b  $47 \times 3.07$

	3	0.07
$\dots\dots\dots$	$\dots\dots\dots$	$\dots\dots\dots$
7	$\dots\dots\dots$	$\dots\dots\dots$

- 5 Maryam's family saved money to spend a 5-day vacation in Sharm El-Sheikh and they had two hotels to choose between them. The cost of one night in the first hotel is 3,450 pounds, while the cost of one night in the second hotel is 4,275 pounds. If the family's budget is 20,000 pounds, in which hotel can they spend their vacation? How much will they pay for the hotel they have chosen?

### Test (3)

- 1 First: Choose the correct answer:

1  $2.515 \times 0.2 = \dots\dots\dots$

a 0.0503

b 5.0300

c 0.503

d 50.3

2  $1.4076 \div 0.23 = \dots\dots\dots$

a 61.2

b 6.12

c 0.612

d 612

Second: Find the product of the following by using the standard algorithm:

1  $3.56 \times 0.1 = \dots\dots\dots$

2  $0.75 \times 2.4 = \dots\dots\dots$

- 2 First: Complete the following:

1  $317.62 - 58.017 = \dots\dots\dots$

2  $9.42 \times \dots\dots\dots = 0.942$

Second: Which model of the following matches the multiplication algorithm  $2,050 \times 34$ :

a

	2,000	50
3	6,000	150
4	8,000	200

b

	20	5
30	600	150
4	80	15

c

	2,000	50
30	60,000	1,500
4	8,000	200

d

	2	5
30	60	150
4	8	20

- 3 Put (>), (<) or (=):

1  $37.9 + 2.3$  ☐  $41.7 - 1.3$

2  $1 + 0.973$  ☐  $58.003 - 57.03$

3  $43.5 \times 0.4$  ☐  $8.7 \div 0.5$

4  $97.2 \div 8.1$  ☐  $14.4 \div 12$

4 Find the quotient by using the area model:

a  $22.05 \div 7 = \dots\dots\dots$

		0.1	
	22.05	1.05	0.35
7	$\ominus 21$	$\ominus \dots\dots\dots$	$\ominus \dots\dots\dots$
	$\dots\dots\dots$	$\dots\dots\dots$	$\dots\dots\dots$

$22.05 \div 7 = \dots\dots + \dots\dots + \dots\dots = \dots\dots$

b  $371.2 \div 3.2 = \dots\dots\dots$

	3,712	$\dots\dots\dots$	$\dots\dots\dots$
32	$\ominus \dots\dots\dots$	$\ominus 320$	$\ominus 192$
	512	$\dots\dots\dots$	0

$371.2 \div 3.2 = \dots\dots + \dots\dots + \dots\dots = \dots\dots$

5 The distance between Cairo and Sharm El-Sheikh is 540 kilometers, and the car covered it in 3 parts. In the first part, it covered 130 kilometers, and in the second part, it covered 98 kilometers. What is the distance it will cover in the third part?

Test (4)

1 Complete the following:

① If the value of the digit 5 is 0.05, the place value of the digit 5 is  $\dots\dots\dots$

② If  $y + 3.16 = 2.9 + 5.73$ , so  $y = \dots\dots\dots$

③  $32.547 \approx \dots\dots\dots$  (To the nearest Hundredth)

2 Find the product, then match it to its equivalent.

$3.025 \times 42 = \dots\dots\dots$

$127.5$

$98.4 + 28.95 = \dots\dots\dots$

$1912.5 \div 15 = \dots\dots\dots$

$127.35$

$237 - 109.95 = \dots\dots\dots$

$8.49 \times 15 = \dots\dots\dots$

$127.05$

$1,275 \times 0.1 = \dots\dots\dots$

3 Complete by using the area model:

	80	9
20	1,600	180
7	560	63

$27 \times 89 = (\dots\dots \times \dots\dots) + (\dots\dots \times \dots\dots) + (\dots\dots \times \dots\dots) + (\dots\dots \times \dots\dots)$

4 Complete the missing numbers, then find the quotient:

a  $5,382 \div 52 = \dots\dots\dots$

		2	
52	$\ominus$ 5,200	$\ominus$ .....	$\ominus$ .....
	.....	.....	.....

$5,382 \div 52 = \dots\dots + \dots\dots + \dots\dots$

$= 100 + \dots\dots + 1 = \dots\dots$

(The remainder is 26)

b  $9,234 \div 81 = \dots\dots\dots$

81	$\ominus$ 9,234	$\ominus$ 1,134	$\ominus$ .....
	.....	.....	.....
	.....	324	162
			0

$9,234 \div 81 = \dots\dots + \dots\dots + \dots\dots = \dots\dots$

5 Murad's step length is 6.9 decimeters. What is the distance that he will walk (in meters) after taking 1,000 steps?

### Test (5)

1 First: Choose two reasonable estimations for the product of  $208 \times 32$  from the following equations:

1  $200 \times 30 = 6,000$

2  $210 \times 30 = 6,300$

3  $200 \times 35 = 7,000$

4  $210 \times 35 = 7,350$

Second: Which of the following estimation strategies is to estimate the result of multiplying  $345 \times 82$  if the estimation is 28,000:

a Using the strategy of estimating the number through the first digit from the left.

b Rounding each number to the nearest Ten.

c Rounding each number to its greatest place value.

d Rounding each number to the nearest Hundred.

- 2 Use the standard algorithm to find the product of the following by placing each product from the answer bank in the correct column of the following table. One product will remain:

67	23	45
(x) 25	(x) 55	(x) 33
.....	.....	.....

Answer Bank

1,265  
1,485  
1,535  
1,675

- 3 When multiplying a one-digit whole number by 10,000 the place value of the number changes:

From:	Ten Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
To:	Ten Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones

- 4 A merchant bought 20 boxes of tangerines for 1,780 pounds, and sold all the boxes for 150 pounds each. The merchant followed the steps below to find out what he earned:

- 1 He solved the equation  $20 \times 150 = y$
- 2 He calculated the product  $1,780 + y$
- 3 He found out that he earned 4,780 pounds. Is there a mistake in the merchant's solution? What is it?
  - a In step 1: He should have divided the numbers instead of multiplying them.
  - b In step 2: He should have subtracted the values instead of adding them.
  - c In step 3: The merchant made a mistake in addition when he calculated his profit.
  - d The merchant didn't make any mistake.

5 First: Use the area model to find the products of the following:

a  $7 \times 5.8 = \dots\dots\dots$

.....	.....
-------	-------

b  $3.8 \times 35 = \dots\dots\dots$

.....	.....
.....	.....

Second: Use the standard algorithm to find the products of the following:

a

$$\begin{array}{r} 2.7 \\ \times 5.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

b

$$\begin{array}{r} 2.05 \\ \times 52 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

c

$$\begin{array}{r} 54.23 \\ \times 5.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## Answers

### Test 1

1 First: 1 1,000

2 80

3 900

4 0.566

5  $280 - 250 = 30$

6 20

Second: 1 b

2 b

2 1 =

2 <

3 <

4 <

3 a 12

b 215

c 321 (The Remainder is 2)

4 The price of the notebook:  $1,036 \div 74 = 14$  pounds

The price of 25 notebooks =  $25 \times 14 = 350$  pounds

5 a

	3	0.8
1	3	0.8
0.4	1.2	0.32

$1.4 \times 3.8 = 5.32$

b

	2	0.3	0.06
5	10	1.5	0.30
0.3	0.6	0.09	0.018

$5.3 \times 2.36 = 12.508$



### Test 2

- 1 First: 1 11.2 2 112 3 11.2  
4 112 5 1,120 6 1.12  
Second: a 3.600 b 790 c 0.85 d 27
- 2 a 174 b 400 c 65 (The Remainder is 2)
- 3 a right b two places c 100
- 4 a 

	40	5
2	80	10
0.3	12	1.5

  
 $2.3 \times 45 = 103.5$
- b 

	3	0.07
40	120	2.8
7	21	0.49

  
 $47 \times 3.07 = 144.29$

- 5 The first hotel, the cost = 17,250 pounds

### Test 3

- 1 First: 1 c 2 b  
Second: 1 0.356 2 1.8
- 2 First: 1 259.603 2 18  
Second: c
- 3 1 < 2 > 3 = 4 >
- 4 a 3.15 b 116
- 5 312 km

### Test 4

- 1 a hundredth b  $y = 5.47$  c 32.55
- 2  $3.025 \times 42 = 127.05 = 237 - 109.95$  ,  $4.49 \times 15 = 127.35 = 98.4 + 28.95$   
 $1912.5 \div 15 = 127.5 = 1.275 \times 0.1$
- 3  $27 \times 89 = (20 \times 80) + (20 \times 9) + (7 \times 80) + (7 \times 9)$
- 4 a 103 (The Remainder is 26) b 114
- 5  $0.69 \times 1,000 = 690$  meters

### Test 5

- 1 First: 1 , 2  
Second: b
- 2 1,675 , 1,265 , 1,485
- 3 From Ones to Ten Thousands
- 4 b
- 5 First: a 40.6 b 133  
Second: a 14.58 b 106.6 c 292.842



## Concept (3-1)

### Models for Multiplication

#### Lesson (1): The Power of Ten:

**Jumping by Powers of Ten** Solve.

1.  $8 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 8,000$
2.  $3 \times 10,000 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
3.  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 9 = 900$
4.  $2 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 200,000$
5.  $1,000 \times 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



**Matching Expressions** Choose from the given expressions to enter the one that is equal to the number.

$5 \times 100$

$10 \times 5$

$100,000 \times 5$

$5 \times 1,000$

$5 \times 10,000$

- A. 50,000  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- B. 500  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- C. 5,000  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- D. 50  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- E. 500,000  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



1. A crate of mangoes weighs 9 kilograms. How many kilograms would 1,000 crates weigh?



Use basic facts and patterns to find each product.

a.  $3 \times 1 =$

$3 \times 10 =$

$3 \times 100 =$

$3 \times 1,000 =$

$3 \times 10,000 =$

b.  $14 \times 1 =$

$14 \times 10 =$

$14 \times 100 =$

$14 \times 1,000 =$

$14 \times 10,000 =$

c.  $50 \times 1 =$

$50 \times 10 =$

$50 \times 100 =$

$50 \times 1,000 =$

$50 \times 10,000 =$



Fill in the blanks below.

a. 5 cm = \_\_\_\_\_ mm

c. 7 L = \_\_\_\_\_ mL

e. 10 km = \_\_\_\_\_ meters

b. 2 kg = \_\_\_\_\_ g

d. 6 m = \_\_\_\_\_ cm

f. 9 kilometers = \_\_\_\_\_ cm



## Lesson (2): Using the Area Model to Multiply:

**Multiplying Tens** How many times will 10 need to be multiplied by itself to equal each given number?

1. 100
2. 1,000
3. 10,000
4. 100,000




**Whiteboard: Expanding Equations**

Work with your teacher and classmates to create area models and find each product.

1.  $374 \times 62 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $506 \times 42 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$374 \times 62$$

70

2	140	8

$$506 \times 42$$



**Decompose with Area Model** Eman is planting a garden. She wants to find the area of the garden to know how much topsoil she will need. The garden is 46 meters long and 24 m wide. How many different ways can you decompose the numbers to help her find the area?

$$46 \times 24 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

Example:

	20	20	6
20			
4			



Complete each of the following area models.

a.

	30	8
10		
6		

b.

	50	4
20		
3		



c.

80	100	70	5
2			

d.

50	300	60	1
6			



### Lesson (3): The Distributive Property of Multiplication:

Use the Distributive Property of Multiplication and area model to find the product of each of the following.

a.  $14 \times 27 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$[10 \times 20] + [10 \times \text{---}] + [\text{---} \times 20] + [4 \times \text{---}] =$$

	20	7
10	200	70
4	80	28



$58 \times 42 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$[40 \times \text{---}] + [40 \times 8] + [\text{---} \times 50] + [2 \times \text{---}] =$$

	50	8
40	2,000	320
2	100	16



$19 \times 62 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$[10 \times \text{---}] + [\text{---} \times 2] + [\text{---} \times 60] + [9 \times \text{---}] =$$

	60	2
10	600	20
9	540	18



## Lesson (4): Using the Partial Products Model to Multiply:

Find the product using the partial products.

a.

$$\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ \times 72 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

← [ — × — ]  
 + ← [ — × — ]  
 + ← [ — × — ]  
 + ← [ — × — ]

b.

$$\begin{array}{r} 564 \\ \times 35 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

← [ — × — ]  
 + ← [ — × — ]  
 + ← [ — × — ]  
 + ← [ — × — ]  
 + ← [ — × — ]  
 + ← [ — × — ]



## Homework

2. If 10 millimeters makes 1 centimeter, how many millimeters are in 7 centimeters?



3. There are 1,000 milliliters in 1 liter. Omar bought a 2-liter bottle of juice. How many milliliters are in the bottle?



4. Aya ran a 5-kilometer race on Saturday. If there are 1,000 meters in 1 kilometer, how many meters did she run?





Find each product of the following.

a.  $3 \times 10 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

c.  $1,000 \times 6 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

e.  $2 \times 100,000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

g.  $10 \times 18 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

i.  $13 \times 1,000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

k.  $100 \times 12 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

m.  $15 \times 100,000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

b.  $6 \times 100 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

d.  $3 \times 10,000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

f.  $10,000 \times 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

h.  $30 \times 100 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

j.  $70 \times 10,000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

L.  $60 \times 1,000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

n.  $80 \times 100,000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_



Fill in the blanks below.

a.  $7 \text{ cm} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{mm}$

c.  $8 \text{ L} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{mL}$

e.  $5 \text{ kg} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{g}$

g.  $7 \text{ km} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}$

b.  $3 \text{ km} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{m}$

d.  $9 \text{ m} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}$

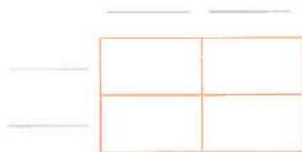
f.  $20 \text{ L} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{mL}$

h.  $50 \text{ m} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{mm}$

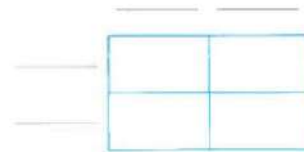


Expanding Equations. Create an area model for each of the following problems and find each product.

a.  $21 \times 64 =$  \_\_\_\_\_



b.  $103 \times 72 =$  \_\_\_\_\_



$$[20 \times 30] + [\text{---} \times \text{---}] + [\text{---} \times \text{---}] + [4 \times 7] = \text{---}$$

	30	7
20	600	140
4	120	28



**Complete the area model and evaluate.**

a.  $(50 \times 30) + (50 \times 4) + (7 \times 30) + (7 \times 4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

	30	4
50		200
	210	



**Solve using the partial products.**

a.

$$\begin{array}{r} 76 \\ \times 32 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$\text{---} \leftarrow [30 \times 70]$   
 $+ \text{---} \leftarrow [30 \times 6]$   
 $+ \text{---} \leftarrow [2 \times 70]$   
 $+ \text{---} \leftarrow [2 \times 6]$

**b.** 

$$\begin{array}{r} 97 \\ \times 68 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

\_\_\_\_\_  $\leftarrow [60 \times 90]$   
 + \_\_\_\_\_  $\leftarrow [60 \times 7]$   
 + \_\_\_\_\_  $\leftarrow [8 \times 90]$   
 + \_\_\_\_\_  $\leftarrow [8 \times 7]$

C.

$$\begin{array}{r} 37 \\ \times 54 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

\_\_\_\_\_  $\leftarrow [4 \times 7]$   
 + \_\_\_\_\_  $\leftarrow [4 \times 30]$   
 + \_\_\_\_\_  $\leftarrow [50 \times 7]$   
 + \_\_\_\_\_  $\leftarrow [50 \times 30]$



## Concept (3-2)

# Multiplying 4-Digit Number by 2-Digit Number

## Lesson (5): What Is an Algorithm?

### Step 1

Multiply by ones.

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{2}\textcircled{1}\textcircled{2} \\ 1,625 \\ \times \quad 24 \\ \hline 6,500 \end{array} \leftarrow [4 \times 1,625]$$

### Step 2

Multiply by tens.

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{1}\textcircled{1} \\ \textcircled{2}\textcircled{1}\textcircled{2} \\ 1,625 \\ \times \quad 24 \\ \hline 6,500 \\ 32,500 \end{array} \leftarrow [20 \times 1,625]$$

### Step 3

Add the products.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1,625 \\ \times \quad 24 \\ \hline \textcircled{1} 6,500 \\ + 32,500 \\ \hline 39,000 \end{array}$$



Area Model	Partial Products Model	Standard Algorithm for Multiplication						
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <span>40</span> <span>5</span> </div> <table border="1" style="border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">30</td><td style="padding: 5px;">1,200</td><td style="padding: 5px;">150</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">7</td><td style="padding: 5px;">280</td><td style="padding: 5px;">35</td></tr> </table>	30	1,200	150	7	280	35	<div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;">45</div> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;"><math>\times 37</math></div> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;"><math>(30 \times 40) = 1,200</math></div> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;"><math>(30 \times 5) = 150</math></div> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;"><math>(7 \times 40) = 280</math></div> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;"><math>(7 \times 5) = 35</math></div> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;"><math>\underline{\quad 35}</math></div> <div style="text-align: right;">1,665</div>	<div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;">1</div> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;"><math>\times 37</math></div> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;">315</div> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;"><math>+ 1,350</math></div> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <div style="text-align: right;">1,665</div>
30	1,200	150						
7	280	35						




Akram says that  $34 \times 69$  will give you the same product as  $(34 \times 70) - 34$ . Do you agree or disagree? Why?





Fill in the area model starting at letter A.

a.  20 6

30	D.	C.
3	B.	A.

Final product : \_\_\_\_\_

b. 70 8


50	D.	C.
2	B.	A.

Final product : \_\_\_\_\_



## Lesson (6): Multiplying Multi-Digit Numbers:

Determine the values of the missing digits and then find the final product.

a. 

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \overset{4}{\cancel{6}} \quad 7 \\
 \times \quad 7 \quad 6 \\
 \hline
 4 \quad 0 \quad 2 \\
 + \quad \boxed{\phantom{0}} \quad 6 \quad 9 \quad \boxed{\phantom{0}} \\
 \hline
 \boxed{\phantom{0000}}
 \end{array}$$

b.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \overset{6}{\cancel{7}} \quad 9 \\
 \times \quad 7 \quad 8 \\
 \hline
 3 \quad \boxed{\phantom{0}} \quad 2 \\
 + 3 \quad \boxed{\phantom{0}} \quad 3 \quad 0 \\
 \hline
 \boxed{\phantom{0000}}
 \end{array}$$

c.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \overset{1}{\cancel{2}} \quad 1 \\
 5 \quad 6 \quad 3 \\
 \times \quad 2 \quad 4 \\
 \hline
 2 \quad 2 \quad 5 \quad \boxed{\phantom{0}} \\
 + 1 \quad \boxed{\phantom{0}} \quad 2 \quad \boxed{\phantom{0}} \quad 0 \\
 \hline
 \boxed{\phantom{00000}}
 \end{array}$$



Solve the following. First by estimate by round to the greatest place value, second use standard algorithm to find the actual product.

a. Estimate

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8 \quad 8 \quad 8 \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \times \quad 2 \quad 9 \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \hline
 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}
 \end{array}$$

b. Estimate

$$\begin{array}{r}
 7 \quad 2 \quad 1 \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \times \quad 7 \quad 4 \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \hline
 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}
 \end{array}$$

c. Estimate

$$\begin{array}{r}
 4, \quad 6 \quad 2 \quad 5 \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \times \quad 1 \quad 8 \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \hline
 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}
 \end{array}$$



Choose the correct answer.

1.  $17 \times 18$  ☐  $20 \times 11$

A. >

B. <

C. =

2. What is the Ones digit in the product of  $37 \times 124$  ?

A. 2

B. 3

C. 6

D. 8

3. The product of  $372 \times 52$  is close to \_\_\_\_\_

A. 20,000

B. 15,000

C. 7,000

D. 10,000

4.  $831 \times 49$  is close to \_\_\_\_\_

A. 30,000

B. 32,000

C. 50,000

D. 40,000

5. The missing number in the product is \_\_\_\_\_

A. 2,882

B. 10,122

C. 2,892

D. 2,880

$$\begin{array}{r} 723 \\ \times 14 \\ \hline + 7,230 \\ \hline 10,122 \end{array}$$

6.  $327 \times 53$  ☐  $199 \times 43$

A. >

B. <

C. =



## Lesson (7): Multiplication Problems in the Real World:

Sandwiches at the diner are 24 pounds, a salad costs 3 pounds and a glass of juice is 8 pounds. A Family went to the diner and order 3 sandwiches, 2 salads and 3 glasses of juice.



a. How much will the family pay for the 3 sandwiches ? \_\_\_\_\_

b. How much will the family pay for the 2 salads ? \_\_\_\_\_

c. How much will the family pay for the 3 glasses of juice ? \_\_\_\_\_

d. How much is the total bill ? \_\_\_\_\_



Shirts in the seasons costs 185 pounds. Sweaters cost 270 pounds. Yara and her friends bought 12 shirts and 13 sweaters. \_\_\_\_\_

- How much will they pay for the shirts ? \_\_\_\_\_
- How much will they pay for the sweaters ? \_\_\_\_\_
- How much is their bill ? \_\_\_\_\_



For Wael's baklava syrup, he needs 250 milliliters of honey, 15 mL of orange extract, and 30 mL of lemon juice per recipe. How many total milliliters of liquid ingredients will he need for the sauce if he needs to make 18 batches?



Mona uses 1,133 grams of sugar daily. How many grams does she use in 30 weeks?



## Homework

1. Use standard algorithm strategy to find the result.

a.  $35 \times 862$

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b.  $74 \times 5,641$

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---

---

---

c.  $2,504 \times 16$

---

---

---

---

---

---



	300	60	7
	F.	E.	D.
20			
	C.	B.	A.
9			

Final product : \_\_\_\_\_

	500	40	6
	F.	E.	D.
10			
	C.	B.	A.
8			

Final product : \_\_\_\_\_



Find the result using standard algorithm.

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{a. } 26 \\ \times 33 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{b. } 78 \\ \times 52 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{c. } 367 \\ \times 29 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{d. } 546 \\ \times 18 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$



Estimate the product.

a.  $416 \times 72$

b.  $871 \times 27$

c.  $586 \times 69$

d.  $490 \times 71$

e.  $817 \times 34$

f.  $999 \times 94$



Mona makes freshly squeezed lemonade each day for her customers. She uses 6 lemons for each liter of lemonade. She makes 8 liters of lemonade a day. After 365 days, how many lemons has she used?

How many liters of lemonade does she make in 365 days?



For Wael's baklava syrup, he needs 250 milliliters of honey, 15 mL of orange extract, and 30 mL of lemon juice per recipe. How many total milliliters of liquid ingredients will he need for the sauce if he needs to make 18 batches?



## Concept (4-1)

### Models for Division

#### Lesson (1): Understanding Division:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 28 & \div & 3 & = & 9 & R1 \\ \hline \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \text{Dividend} & & \text{Divisor} & & \text{Quotient} & & \text{Remainder} \end{array}$$



If 18 plums are divided equally into 3 bags, then how many plums will be in each bag?



If 18 plums are packed 3 to a bag, then how many bags will there be?



Salwa has 35 books. She puts 5 books on each shelf.

How many shelves does she use ?



Complete the following table.

	Division Equation	Dividend	Divisor	Quotient	Remainder
a.	$20 \div 5 = 4$	_____	_____	_____	_____
b.	$68 \div 7 = 9 R5$	_____	_____	_____	_____





## Lesson (2): Using the Area Model to Divide:

Divide :  $1,845 \div 15$  By using the area model

### Step 1

Draw a long rectangle and write 15 on the smaller left side of the rectangle.

15



### Step 2

Try to use basic facts and pattern to get close to 1,845

$$15 \times 1 = 15, \quad 15 \times 10 = 150$$

$$, \quad 15 \times 100 = 1,500 \text{ [close to 1,845]}$$

$$\bullet \text{ Subtract } 1,845 - 1,500 = 345$$

	100	
15	$\begin{array}{r} 1,845 \\ - 1,500 \\ \hline 345 \end{array}$	

### Step 3

There are 345 meters left to be divided by 15

$$15 \times 2 = 30$$

$$, \quad 15 \times 20 = 300 \text{ [close to 345]}$$

$$\bullet \text{ Subtract } 345 - 300 = 45$$

	100	20	
15	$\begin{array}{r} 1,845 \\ - 1,500 \\ \hline 345 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 345 \\ - 300 \\ \hline 45 \end{array}$	

### Step 4

Since, there are 45 meters left to be divided by 15

$$15 \times 1 = 15, \quad 15 \times 2 = 30, \quad 15 \times 3 = 45 \text{ [the same number]}$$

$$\bullet \text{ Subtract : } 45 - 45 = 0$$

	100	20	3
15	$\begin{array}{r} 1,845 \\ - 1,500 \\ \hline 345 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 345 \\ - 300 \\ \hline 45 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ - 45 \\ \hline 00 \end{array}$

### Step 5

Add the 3 numbers  $100 + 20 + 3 = 123$

then :  $1,845 \div 15 = 123$



Complete each set of multiplication equations

1.  $3 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2.  $40 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$3 \times 50 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$40 \times 20 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$3 \times 500 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$400 \times 200 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



**Model Match** Choose the correct area model that represents each problem and fill in any missing numbers. Then, use the area model to answer each problem.

1.  $9,234 \div 81 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

A.

	100	10	6
31	$\begin{array}{r} 3,622 \\ - 3,100 \\ \hline 522 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 522 \\ - 310 \\ \hline 212 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 212 \\ - 186 \\ \hline 26 \end{array}$

$100 + 10 + 6 = 116 \text{ R}26$

2.  $3,622 \div 31 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

B.

	100	50
	$\begin{array}{r} 1,050 \\ - 700 \\ \hline 350 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 350 \\ - 350 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$

$100 + 50 = 150$

3.  $1,050 \div 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

C.

	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
81	$\begin{array}{r} 9,234 \\ - 8,100 \\ \hline 1,134 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,134 \\ - 810 \\ \hline 324 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 324 \\ - 162 \\ \hline 162 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 162 \\ - 162 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$

           +            +            +            =           



## Lesson (3): Using the Partial Quotients Model to Divide:

Divide :  $1,845 \div 15$

### Step 1

Draw a beginning model as shown.

$$15 \overline{) 1,845}$$

### Step 2

Think about the basic facts and patterns to get the closest number to 1,845

$$15 \times 1 = 15, \quad 15 \times 10 = 150$$

$$, \quad 15 \times 100 = 1,500 \text{ [close to 1,845]}$$

• Write 1,500 below the dividend and 100 to the right of the vertical line as shown.

• Subtract :  $1,845 - 1,500 = 345$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \overline{) 1,845} \\ - 1,500 \quad | 100 \\ \hline 345 \end{array}$$

### Step 3

Look at what is remaining of the dividend [345] we need to divide it by 15

$$15 \times 1 = 15, \quad 15 \times 10 = 150$$

$$, \quad 15 \times 100 = 1,500 \text{ [larger than 345]}$$

then we can use  $15 \times 10 = 150$

• Write 150 below the remainder [345] and 10 to the right of the vertical line as shown.

• Subtract :  $345 - 150 = 195$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \overline{) 1,845} \\ - 1,500 \quad | 100 \\ \hline 345 \\ - 150 \quad | 10 \\ \hline 195 \end{array}$$

### Step 4

We still need to divide 195 by 15

$$\text{so, we can use } 15 \times 10 = 150$$

and follow the last step as shown.

• Subtract :  $195 - 150 = 45$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \overline{) 1,845} \\ - 1,500 \quad | 100 \\ \hline 345 \\ - 150 \quad | 10 \\ \hline 195 \\ - 150 \quad | 10 \\ \hline 45 \end{array}$$

### Step 5

At last we need to divide 45 by 15

$$1 \times 15 = 15, \quad 2 \times 15 = 30$$

$$, \quad 3 \times 15 = 45 \text{ [the same number]}$$

• Write 45 below 45 [the last remainder] and 3 to the right of the vertical line as shown.

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \overline{) 1,845} \\ - 1,500 \quad | 100 \\ \hline 345 \\ - 150 \quad | 10 \\ \hline 195 \\ - 150 \quad | 10 \\ \hline 45 \\ - 45 \quad | 3 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$





Look at the partial quotients solution for each problem. Fill in the blanks and empty boxes to complete the solution.

a.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 118 \text{ R } 13 \\
 23 \overline{) 2,727} \\
 - 2,300 \\
 \hline
 427 \\
 - 230 \\
 \hline
 197 \\
 - 69 \\
 \hline
 128 \\
 - 69 \\
 \hline
 59 \\
 - 46 \\
 \hline
 13
 \end{array}$$

b.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \boxed{\phantom{000}} \\
 3 \overline{) 2,451} \\
 - \boxed{\phantom{000}} \quad 800 \\
 \hline
 51 \\
 - 30 \\
 \hline
 21 \\
 - \boxed{\phantom{00}} \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$

c.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 134 \text{ R } 23 \\
 60 \overline{) 8,063} \\
 - \boxed{\phantom{000}} \quad 100 \\
 \hline
 2,063 \\
 - \boxed{\phantom{000}} \quad 30 \\
 \hline
 263 \\
 - \boxed{\phantom{000}} \quad 4 \\
 \hline
 23
 \end{array}$$



## Lesson (4): Estimating Quotients:

Estimate using compatible numbers.

a.  $5,814 \div 47 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Estimation: \_\_\_\_\_

b.  $6,397 \div 28 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Estimation: \_\_\_\_\_

c.  $1,448 \div 48 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Estimation: \_\_\_\_\_

d.  $7,061 \div 23 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Estimation: \_\_\_\_\_



## Homework

Estimate using compatible numbers.

a.  $6,658 \div 69 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Estimation: \_\_\_\_\_

b.  $1,064 \div 19 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Estimation: \_\_\_\_\_



Choose the correct answer.

1. In the equation  $27 \div 3 = 9$ , the quotient is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. 27                      B. 3  
C. 9                        D. zero

2. The divisor in the equation  $48 \div 6 = 8$  is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. 48                      B. 6  
C. 8                        D. zero

3. Dividend = Quotient  $\times$  divisor + \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Dividend              B. Quotient  
C. Divisor                D. Remainder

4.  $36 \div \text{_____} = 9$

- A. 3                        B. 4  
C. 5                        D. 6

5. \_\_\_\_\_  $\div 5 = 9$

- A. 59                      B. 54  
C. 45                      D. 95

6.  $29 \div 4 = 7 \text{ R } \text{_____}$

- A. zero                    B. 1  
C. 2                        D. 3

7. Zero divided by any non-zero number gives \_\_\_\_\_ as a quotient.

- A. zero                    B. same number  
C. 1                        D. 2

8. Giovanni needs 36 balloons for the party but balloons come in a pack of 9. How many packs should he buy?

- A. 2                        B. 3  
C. 4                        D. 5



Look at the partial quotients solution for each problem. Fill in the blanks and empty boxes to complete the solution.

a.

$$\begin{array}{r} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \\ 9 \overline{) 4,608} \\ - 4,500 \phantom{00} \\ \hline \phantom{00} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \\ - \phantom{00} 90 \phantom{00} \\ \hline \phantom{000} 18 \\ - \phantom{000} 18 \\ \hline \phantom{0000} 0 \end{array}$$

b.

$$\begin{array}{r} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \\ 15 \overline{) 6,180} \\ - \phantom{00} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \phantom{00} 300 \\ \hline \phantom{00} 1,680 \\ - \phantom{00} 1,500 \phantom{00} \\ \hline \phantom{000} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \\ - \phantom{000} 150 \phantom{00} 10 \\ \hline \phantom{0000} 30 \\ - \phantom{0000} 30 \\ \hline \phantom{00000} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \end{array}$$

c.

$$\begin{array}{r} 232 \text{ R } \boxed{\phantom{00}} \\ 30 \overline{) 6,975} \\ - \phantom{00} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \phantom{00} 200 \\ \hline \phantom{000} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \\ - \phantom{000} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \phantom{00} 30 \\ \hline \phantom{0000} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \\ - \phantom{0000} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \phantom{00} 2 \\ \hline \phantom{00000} \boxed{\phantom{000}} \end{array}$$

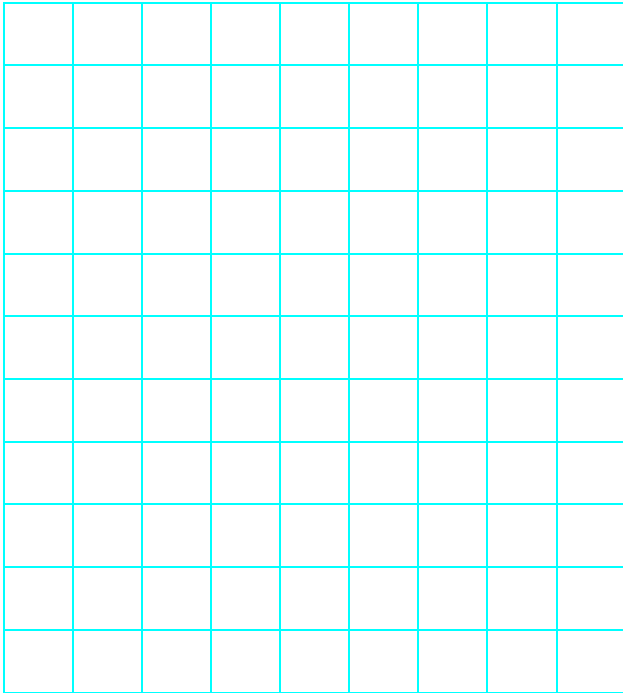


## Concept (4-2)

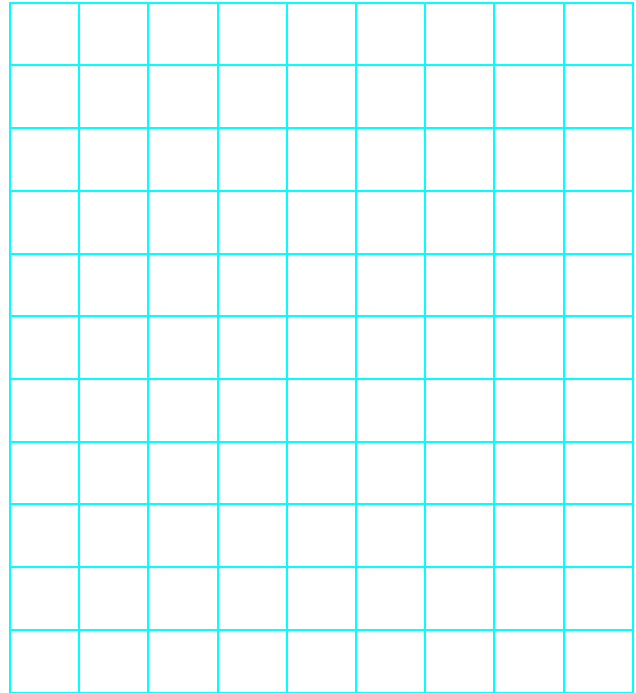
### Dividing by 2-Digit Divisors

**Lesson (5): Using the Standard Algorithm to Divide:**

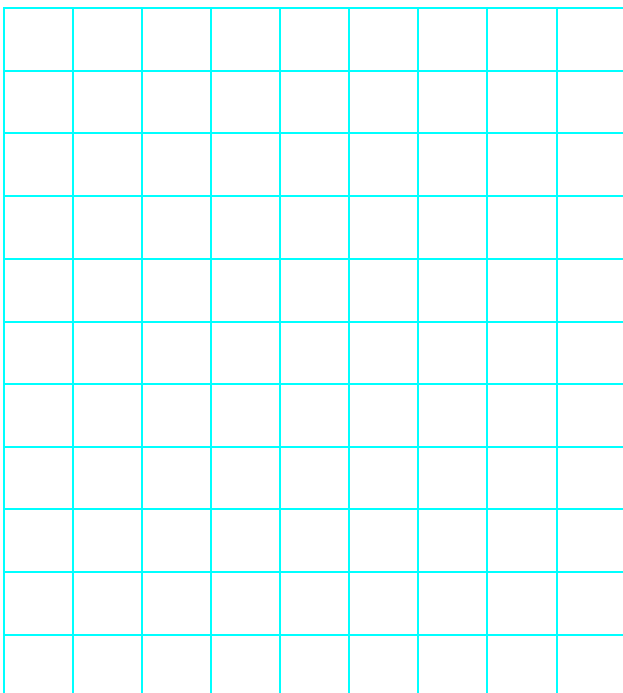
$$1596 \div 3 =$$



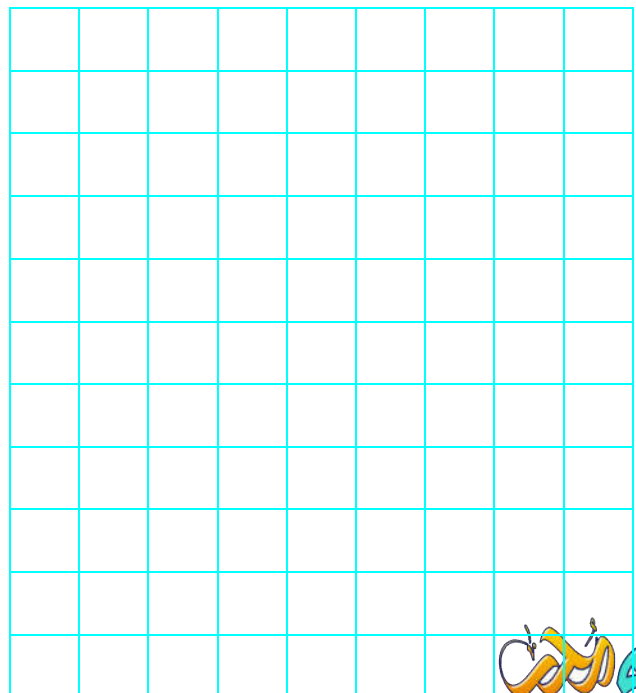
$$2524 \div 4 =$$



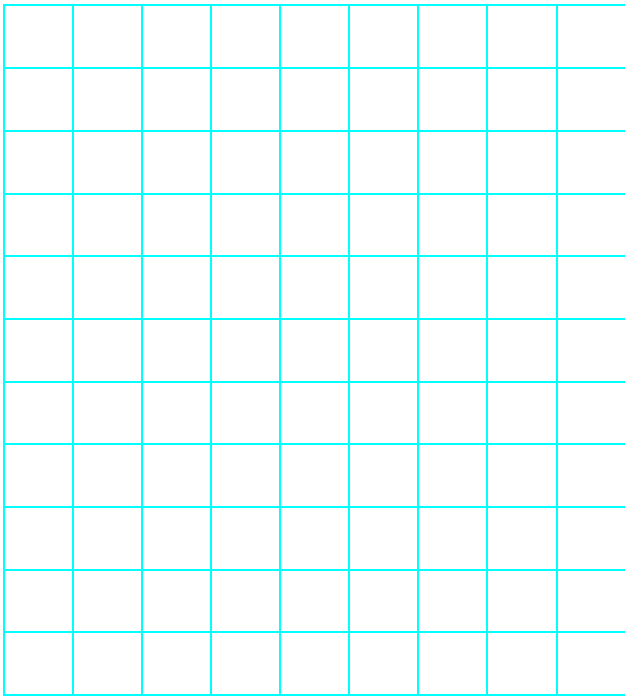
$$744 \div 24 =$$



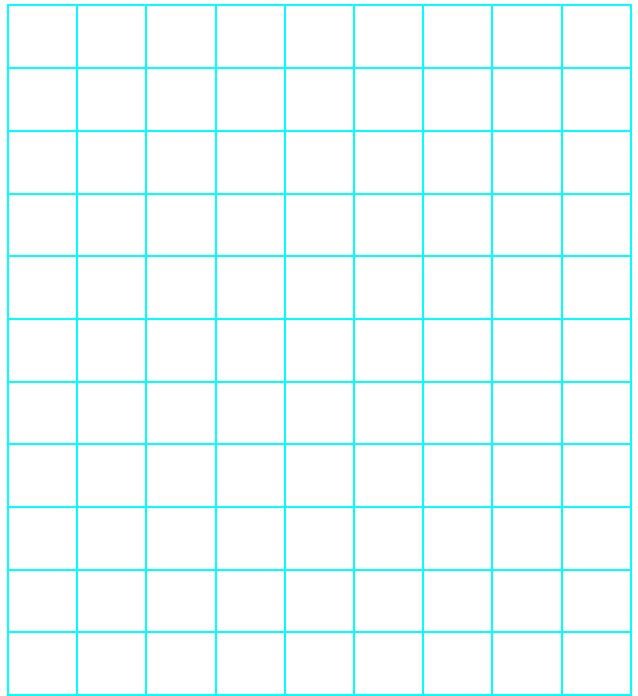
$$1,910 \div 83 =$$



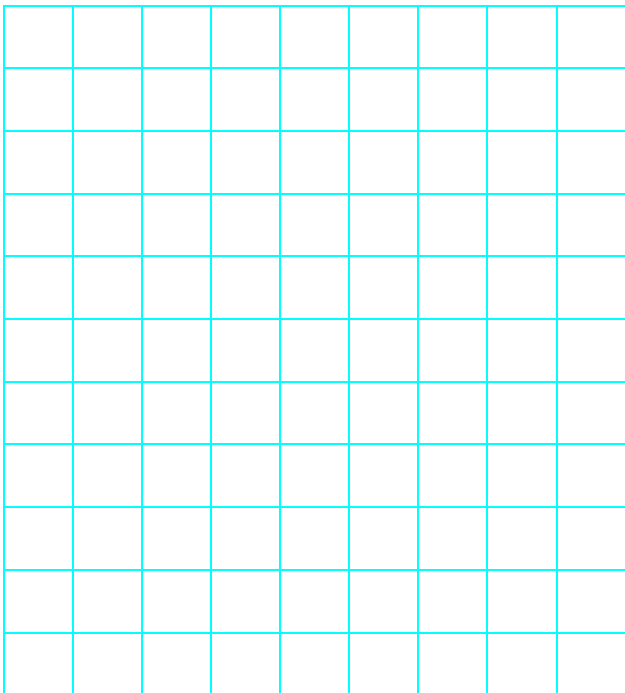
$1,113 \div 53 =$



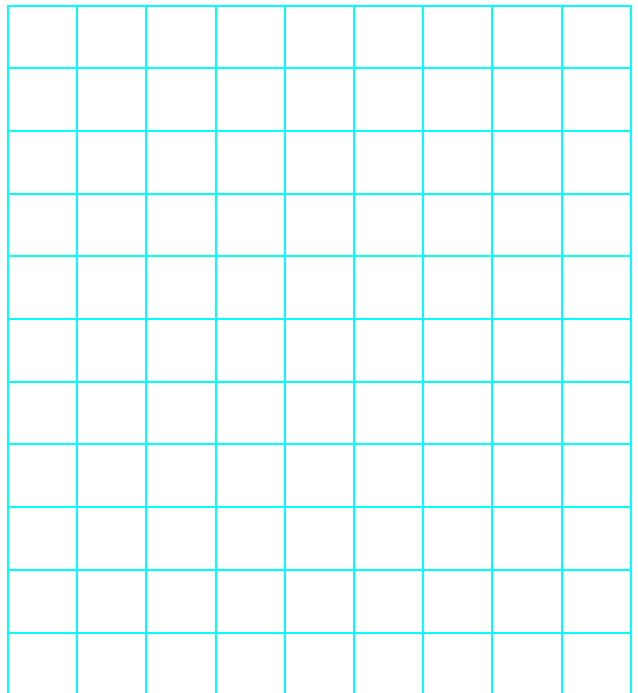
$1,077 \div 43 =$



$1,475 \div 35 =$



$1,716 \div 52 =$



**Lesson (6): Checking Division with Multiplication:**

Choose the correct answer.

1. The division equation that matches

$125 \times 36 = 4,500$  is \_\_\_\_\_

- A.  $4,500 - 125 = 36$
- B.  $125 \div 36 = 4,500$
- C.  $4,500 \div 36 = 125$
- D.  $125 + 36 = 4,500$

2. Which expression can be used to check the solution of the following division problem ?

$8,668 \div 24 = 361 \text{ R } 4$

- A.  $24 \times 361$
- B.  $28 \times 8,668$
- C.  $361 \times 4 + 24$
- D.  $24 \times 361 + 4$

**Lesson (7): Multistep Story Problems:**

Amgd saved 550 pounds, Bassem saved 3 times as much as Amgd and Sameh saved 900 pounds more than Agmd. How many pounds were saved by all of them ?

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Mom baked a batch of 12 balah el sham. Two balah el sham fell on the floor. If 4 children split the remaining balah el sham equally, how many balah el sham will each child get ?

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# Homework

$$1,752 \div 73 =$$

A blank 10x10 grid of squares, consisting of 10 rows and 10 columns, totaling 100 squares. The grid is used for drawing a picture.

$$1,676 \div 54 =$$

A blank 10x10 grid of squares, consisting of 10 rows and 10 columns, totaling 100 squares. The grid is used for drawing a picture.

$$1,403 \div 61 =$$

[illegible]

$$1,935 \div 92 =$$

[illegible]

In one year, a textile factory used 11,650 meters of cotton, 4,950 fewer meters of silk than cotton, and 3,500 fewer meters of wool than silk. How many meters of fabric were used in all ?

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Malek and his family are going on a road trip to his grandmother's house, which is 465 kilometers away. On Friday, they travel 124 km. On Saturday, they traveled 210 km. How many kilometers will they need to travel on Sunday to reach his grandmother's house?

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## Concept (5-1)

### Multiplying Decimals

#### Lesson (1): Multiplying by Powers of Ten:

**Missing Numbers** Fill in the missing numbers in each equation.

1      10      100      1,000      10,000      100,000

1.  $496 = 4 \times \underline{(A)} + 9 \times \underline{(B)} + 6$
2.  $6,140 = 6 \times \underline{(C)} + 1 \times \underline{(D)} + 4 \times \underline{(E)}$
3.  $20,403 = 2 \times \underline{(F)} + 4 \times \underline{(G)} + 3$
4.  $78,594 = 7 \times \underline{(H)} + 8 \times \underline{(I)} + 5 \times \underline{(J)} + 9 \times \underline{(K)} + 4$
5.  $8,032 \times 1,000 = \underline{(L)}$



Now fill in the blanks.

1.  $25 \times 1,000 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
2.  $25 \times 100 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
3.  $25 \times 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
4.  $25 \times 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
5.  $25 \times 0.1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
6.  $25 \times 0.01 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
7.  $25 \times 0.001 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



**Hoda's Stride** Hoda's stride is 0.72 meters. How far, in meters, will Hoda walk after taking 1,000 paces? Use words and numbers to explain how you found your answer.





**Lesson (2): Multiplying Decimals by Whole Numbers:****Evaluate:**

1.  $0.3 \times 3$

2.  $0.3 \times 4$

3.  $0.3 \times 5$

4.  $2.5 \times 3$

5.  $0.35 \times 5$

**Complete.**

a.  $7.5 \times 3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

b.  $7.5 \times 6 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

c.  $6.05 \times 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

d.  $0.74 \times 9 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

e.  $5.68 \times 7 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

f.  $7.2 \times 12 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**Lesson (3): Multiplying Tenths by Tenths:****Evaluate:**

1.  $0.1 \times 0.1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $0.3 \times 0.4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3.  $0.5 \times 0.2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

5.  $0.9 \times 0.5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

4.  $0.7 \times 0.8 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

6.  $0.5 \times 0.6 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

7.  $1.6 \times 0.4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_



**Lesson (4): Estimating Decimal Products:**

1.  $24.3 \times 1.8$  Estimate: \_\_\_\_\_
2.  $8.2 \times 11.5$  Estimate: \_\_\_\_\_
3.  $6.7 \times 11.5$  Estimate: \_\_\_\_\_
4.  $99.6 \times 12.7$  Estimate: \_\_\_\_\_
5.  $58.25 \times 99.3$  Estimate: \_\_\_\_\_
6.  $649.9 \times 0.8$  Estimate: \_\_\_\_\_
7.  $47.1 \times 33.6$  Estimate: \_\_\_\_\_
8.  $450.321 \times 2.2$  Estimate: \_\_\_\_\_
9.  $121.352 \times 3.8$  Estimate: \_\_\_\_\_

**Lesson (5): Using the Area Model to Multiply Decimals:**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. $80 \times 3 = 240$                       | 2. $7 \times 600 = 4,200$                     |
| $8 \times 30 = 240$                          | $7 \times 60 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$      |
| $8 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$      | $7 \times 6 = 42$                             |
| $0.8 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$    | $7 \times 0.6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     |
| $8 \times 0.3 = 2.4$                         | $7 \times 0.06 = 0.42$                        |
| $0.8 \times 0.3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  | $0.7 \times 0.6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$   |
| $0.08 \times 0.3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ | $0.7 \times 0.06 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  |
| $0.8 \times 0.03 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ | $0.07 \times 0.06 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ |



# Homework

Multiply to complete the table.

	1.	2.	3.
×	3	30	300
0.001	A. _____	G. _____	M. _____
0.01	B. _____	H. _____	N. _____
0.1	C. _____	I. _____	O. _____
1	D. _____	J. _____	P. _____
10	E. _____	K. _____	Q. _____
100	F. _____	L. _____	R. _____



**Let's Try It** Evaluate.

1.  $4.2 \times 10 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

4.  $1.245 \times 100 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $360 \times 0.1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

5.  $602.1 \times 0.01 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3.  $7.4 \times 0.01 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

6.  $14.14 \times 0.1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_



Find the result of each of the following.

a.  $57.32 \times 0.1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

b.  $0.0823 \times 1,000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

c.  $18 \times 0.001 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

d.  $0.524 \times 10 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

e.  $5.3 \times 0.01 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

f.  $62 \times 100 =$  \_\_\_\_\_



Complete.

a.  $0.5 \times 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

b.  $0.5 \times 6 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

c.  $3.5 \times 3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

d.  $0.45 \times 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

e.  $0.015 \times 9 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

f.  $4.15 \times 12 =$  \_\_\_\_\_



Find each of the following.

a.

$$\begin{array}{r} 2.5 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

b.

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.35 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

c.

$$\begin{array}{r} 4.4 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

d.

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.65 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



### Lesson (6): Multiplying Decimals through the Hundredths Place:

### Lesson (7): Multiplying Decimals through the Thousandths Place:

The digits of the product for each problem have been provided, but the decimal point is missing. Without multiplying, use your reasoning to place the decimal point correctly in the product.

1.  $5.8 \times 7.4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**4,292**

3.  $11.68 \times 2.4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**28,032**

2.  $32.4 \times 5.3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**17,172**

4.  $15.4 \times 0.49 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**7,546**



**Using the Standard Algorithm for Decimal Numbers** Find the product for each multiplication problem using the standard algorithm.

1.  $29.35$   
 $\times 3.4$

---

---

---

---

3.  $8.92$   
 $\times 0.17$

---

---

---

---

2.  $43.2$   
 $\times 0.24$

---

---

---

---

4.  $1.74$   
 $\times 35$

---

---

---

---



Find the product for each multiplication problem using the standard algorithm :

a.  $2.43$   
 $\times 6.9$

---

---

---

---

b.  $29.35$   
 $\times 3.4$

---

---

---

---

c.  $47.8$   
 $\times 5.2$

---

---

---

---



Compare the products of the following by putting (<, > or = ).

a.  $0.318 \times 1.5$

$3.18 \times 0.15$

b.  $0.75 \times 0.02$

$7.5 \times 0.2$

c.  $13.6 \times 0.4$

$0.136 \times 0.4$

d.  $7.3 \times 0.28$

$0.73 \times 2.8$

e.  $0.342 \times 1.2$

$3.42 \times 0.12$

f.  $172 \times 0.003$

$0.172 \times 0.3$

g.  $48.2 \times 3.7$

$4.82 \times 37$

h.  $42 \times 1.532$

$4.2 \times 15.32$



## Lesson 1 (the power of ten)

EX1: Solve all the following:

1)  $90 \times 10 = \dots\dots\dots$

2)  $5 \times 10,000 = \dots\dots\dots$

3)  $1,000 \times 60 = \dots\dots\dots$

4)  $10 \times 10,000 = \dots\dots\dots$

5)  $32 \times 100 = \dots\dots\dots$

EX2: find the missing:

1)  $9 \times \dots\dots\dots = 9,000$

2)  $1,000 \times 8 = \dots\dots\dots$

3)  $3 \times \dots\dots\dots = 300,000$

4)  $\dots\dots\dots \times 12 = 1,200$

5)  $\dots\dots\dots \times 10 = 130$

---

## **Lesson 2 (using the area model to multiply)**

Ex1 : solve the following using area model :

1 )  $321 \times 21 = \dots\dots\dots$



2)  $615 \times 43 = \dots\dots\dots$



3)  $207 \times 13 = \dots\dots\dots$



4)  $310 \times 66 = \dots\dots\dots$



### Lesson 3 ( distributive property of multiplication)

Ex1 : complete each of the following :

1)  $36 \times 14$

$$= (10 \times \dots\dots) + (10 \times 6) + (4 \times 30) + (4 \times \dots\dots)$$

$$= \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots$$

$$= \dots\dots\dots$$

2)  $45 \times 16$

$$= (10 \times \dots\dots) + (10 \times 5) + (6 \times 40) + (6 \times \dots\dots)$$

$$= \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots$$

$$= \dots\dots\dots$$

3)  $213 \times 12$

$$= (10 \times 200) + (10 \times \dots\dots) + (10 \times 3) + (2 \times \dots\dots) + (2 \times 10) + (2 \times \dots\dots)$$

$$= \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots$$

$$= \dots\dots\dots$$

4)  $(30 \times 30) + (30 \times 5) + (9 \times 30) + (9 \times 5) = \dots\dots\dots$

30	900	
9		45



## Lesson 4 (using the partial product model to multiply )

Ex1: solve each of the following using the partial product strategy :

1) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ \times 13 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$(10 \times 30) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(10 \times 5) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(3 \times 30) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(3 \times 5) = \dots\dots\dots = \dots\dots\dots$$

2) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 115 \\ \times 53 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$(50 \times 100) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(50 \times 10) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(50 \times 5) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(3 \times 100) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(3 \times 10) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(3 \times 5) = \dots\dots\dots = \dots\dots\dots$$

## **Lesson5 :(what is the algorithm)**

Ex1 : solve the following :

1)        78

      × 23

\_\_\_\_\_

.....

.....

\_\_\_\_\_

.....

2)        86

      × 17

\_\_\_\_\_

.....

.....

\_\_\_\_\_

.....

## lesson 6 (multiplying multi-digit numbers )

Ex1 : solve the following :

1)     2378

      × 21

\_\_\_\_\_

.....

.....

\_\_\_\_\_

.....

2)     8601

      × 27

\_\_\_\_\_

.....

.....

\_\_\_\_\_

.....

## **Lesson7(multiplication problems in the real numbers)**

**Ex1 :** Amr ate 2 pieces of pizza each day ,the price of each piece is 7 L.E . how much money will he pay after 120 days ?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

**Ex2 :** Alaa sells 12 pies each day ,she sells each pie for 5 L.E . how much money she will gain after 150 days ?

.....

.....

.....

.....

## Lesson 1 :

### Understanding Division

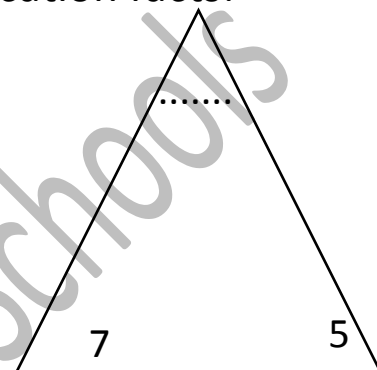
1) Complete the triangle of division and multiplication facts:

a) ..... $\times$ .....=.....

..... $\times$ .....=.....

..... $\div$ .....=.....

..... $\div$ .....=.....

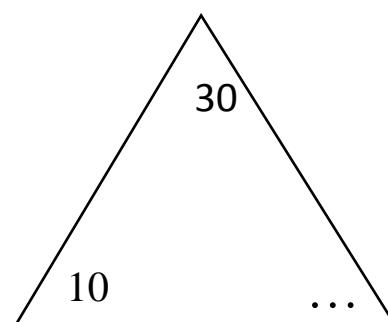


b) ..... $\times$ .....=.....

..... $\times$ .....=.....

..... $\div$ .....=.....

..... $\div$ .....=.....



2) Complete and Find the Quotient:

a)  $8 \div 8 = \dots\dots\dots$

b)  $630 \div 7 = \dots\dots\dots$

c)  $804 \div 4 = \dots\dots\dots$

d)  $6482 \div 2 = \dots\dots\dots$

e)  $7070 \div 7 = \dots\dots\dots$

f)  $8044 \div 4 = \dots\dots\dots$

3) Abeer wants to buy books for L.E 69 .if the cost of one book is L.E .....  
3.How many books can she buy ?

The number of the books that  
she can buy=.....=.....books.

## Lesson 2 :

### Using the Area model to Divide

Using the area model to divide :

1)  $2,613 \div 12 = \dots\dots\dots$

--	--	--

2)  $2,501 \div 28 = \dots\dots\dots$

--	--

3)  $6,813 \div 12 = \dots\dots\dots$

--	--	--

4)  $7,236 \div 35 = \dots\dots\dots$

--	--	--

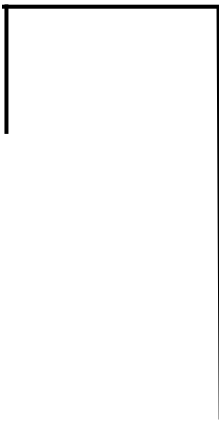
## Lesson 3

### Using the Partial Quotients model to Divide

➤ Using the partial quotients strategy to solve the problems:

1)

$$1536 \div 14 = \dots\dots\dots$$




2)

$$6315 \div 19 = \dots\dots\dots$$



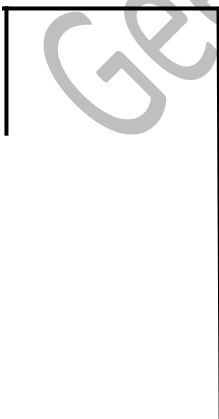
3)

$$4608 \div 23 = \dots\dots\dots$$



4)

$$937 \div 4 = \dots\dots\dots$$



5)

$$9248 \div 4 = \dots\dots\dots$$



6)

$$6278 \div 3 = \dots\dots\dots$$





## Lesson 4

### Estimating Quotients

Estimate the solution of each problem and use the appropriate strategy to solve:

1)  $1,892 \div 67 = \dots\dots\dots$

Estimation:  $\dots\dots\dots$

Solution:  $\dots\dots\dots$

2)  $75,612 \div 56 = \dots\dots\dots$

Estimation:  $\dots\dots\dots$

Solution:  $\dots\dots\dots$

3)  $8,127 \div 36 = \dots\dots\dots$

Estimation:  $\dots\dots\dots$

Solution:  $\dots\dots\dots$

4)  $7,177 \div 25 = \dots\dots\dots$

Estimation:  $\dots\dots\dots$

Solution:  $\dots\dots\dots$

## Lesson 5

### Using the Standard Algorithm to Divide

$65 \div 15 =$	$97 \div 44 =$
$456 \div 63 =$	$837 \div 56 =$
$8,457 \div 32 =$	$9,807 \div 13 =$

## Lesson 6

### Checking Division with multiplication

Solve the problem then check it with multiplication:

1)  $4,523 \div 14 = \dots\dots\dots$

.....

.....

.....

.....

2)  $2,984 \div 26 = \dots\dots\dots$

.....

.....

.....

.....

3)  $4256 \div 77 = \dots\dots\dots$

.....

.....

.....

.....

4)  $4824 \div 8 = \dots\dots\dots$

.....

.....

.....

.....

## Lesson 7

### Multistep story problems

solve :

1) A baker made 480 serving of basbosa for a party . if each baking tray holds 14 servings of basbosa , how many trays will be needed to hold all the basbosa ?

.....

.....

.....

.....

2) Mom baked a batch of 215 balah el sham . two balah el sham fell on the floor leaving 10 on the platter , if 13 kids split

The remaining balah el sham equally , how many balah el sham will each child get ?

.....

.....

.....

.....

3) There were 29 girls and 47 boys in a class . the teacher asked them to work in groups of 12. How many groups were there ?

.....

.....

.....

.....

## Concept 1 : multiplying decimals

### Lesson 1 : multiplying by power of ten

Complete

- 1)  $3 \times 3\text{tens} = \dots\dots\dots$
- 2)  $4 \times 0.002 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 3)  $12 \times 0.1 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 4)  $9 \times 0.01 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 5)  $42 \times 0.01 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 6)  $54 \times 0.001 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 7)  $15 \times 0.1 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 8)  $16.3 \times 10 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 9)  $17.2 \times 100 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 10)  $47.5 \times 10 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 11)  $3.245 \times 100 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 12)  $125.1 \times 0.01 = \dots\dots\dots$
- 13)  $205 \times 0.01 = \dots\dots\dots$

X	8	80	800
0.001			
0.01			
0.1			
1			
10			
100			

## **Lesson 2 : multiplying decimals by whole numbers.**

Complete:

1)  $2.4 \times 5 = \dots\dots\dots$

2)  $0.32 \times 4 = \dots\dots\dots$

3)  $4.02 \times 6 = \dots\dots\dots$

4)  $3.16 \times 4 = \dots\dots\dots$

5)  $2.35 \times 3 = \dots\dots\dots$

6)  $0.234 \times 7 = \dots\dots\dots$

7)  $2.56 \times 23 = \dots\dots\dots$

8)  $1.7 \times 43 = \dots\dots\dots$

9)  $1.37 \times 4.5 = \dots\dots\dots$

10)  $3.51 \times 21 = \dots\dots\dots$

### **Lesson 3 : multiplying tenths by tenths**

Complete:

1)  $0.2 \times 0.2 = \dots\dots\dots$

2)  $0.3 \times 0.3 = \dots\dots\dots$

3)  $0.2 \times 0.4 = \dots\dots\dots$

4)  $0.5 \times 0.5 = \dots\dots\dots$

5)  $0.6 \times 0.7 = \dots\dots\dots$

6)  $1.2 \times 0.3 = \dots\dots\dots$

7)  $1.3 \times 0.4 = \dots\dots\dots$

8)  $1.2 \times 0.5 = \dots\dots\dots$

9)  $4.2 \times 0.7 = \dots\dots\dots$

10)  $3.5 \times 0.2 = \dots\dots\dots$



## Lesson 4 : estimating decimal products.

Complete as an example:

- 1)  $24.7 \times 1.9 =$  Estimate :  $25 \times 2 = 50$
- 2)  $3.5 \times 11.5 =$  Estimate : .....  $\times$  ..... = .....
- 3)  $99.6 \times 15.3 =$  Estimate : .....  $\times$  ..... = .....
- 4)  $24.3 \times 5.4 =$  Estimate : .....  $\times$  ..... = .....
- 5)  $249.6 \times 0.5 =$  Estimate : .....  $\times$  ..... = .....

Food item	Actual cost L.E	Rounded cost L.E	Quantity	Equation	Running total estimated cost L.E
Milk	8.3	.....	10	.....	.....
Rice	15.3	.....	20	.....	.....
Appels	18.5	.....	20	.....	.....
Oranges	9.3	.....	30	.....	.....
Onions	5.7	.....	30	.....	.....
Chicken	44.4	.....	5	.....	.....

## Lesson 5: Using the area model to multiply decimal.

Complete

1) $70 \times 2 = \dots\dots\dots$	2) $90 \times 2 = \dots\dots\dots$
$7 \times 20 = \dots\dots\dots$	$9 \times 20 = \dots\dots\dots$
$7 \times 2 = \dots\dots\dots$	$9 \times 2 = \dots\dots\dots$
$0.7 \times 2 = \dots\dots\dots$	$0.9 \times 2 = \dots\dots\dots$
$7 \times 0.2 = \dots\dots\dots$	$9 \times 0.2 = \dots\dots\dots$
$0.7 \times 0.2 = \dots\dots\dots$	$0.9 \times 0.2 = \dots\dots\dots$
$0.07 \times 0.2 = \dots\dots\dots$	$0.09 \times 0.2 = \dots\dots\dots$
$0.7 \times 0.02 = \dots\dots\dots$	$0.9 \times 0.02 = \dots\dots\dots$
$0.07 \times 0.02 = \dots\dots\dots$	$0.09 \times 0.02 = \dots\dots\dots$

Decimal area model

1)  $1.2 \times 2.4 = \dots\dots\dots$


2)  $32.1 \times 0.26 = \dots\dots\dots$


3)  $2.3 \times 4.2 = \dots\dots\dots$


4)  $8.2 \times 0.16 = \dots\dots\dots$


5)  $2.15 \times 0.35 = \dots\dots\dots$


6)  $16.3 \times 2.6 = \dots\dots\dots$


## Lesson 6 : multiplying decimals through the hundredths place.

Find by using the standard algorithm.

1) 49.35 X 3.4 _____	2) 15.4 X 2.3 _____	3) 2.25 X 2.6 _____
4) 27.34 X 2.5 _____	5) 9.37 X 0.15 _____	6) 7.65 X 24 _____
7) 10.32 X 0.62 _____	8) 25.3 X 7.2 _____	9) 82.5 X 1.5 _____

**Lesson 7 : multiplying decimals through the thousandths place.**

1) 7.102 X 0.15 _____	2) 6.137 X 2.5 _____	3) 2.421 X 1.5 _____
4) 9.124 X 3.6 _____	5) 7.178 X 20 _____	6) 8.257 X 1.2 _____
7) 2.423 X 2.7 _____	8) 3.271 X 3.1 _____	9) 60.15 X 1.3 _____